# HYPERION AC/DC EOS0606i-B USER'S MANUAL

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# EOS 0606i Special Features (rev "B")

\*Powerful, yet compact and portable with wide support for battery types

\*Integrated Hyperion LBA Balancer for LiPo (3.7v) and LiFe (3.3v) based cells

\*Balance Multi-Adapter for 2S to 6S packs included (Hyperion Type)

\*Charge, Discharge, and STORAGE Modes (and Cycling for NiMh and NiCd)

\*Clear Yellow Backlit LCD Screen, Warnings for common setup errors

\*Packaged in a rugged aluminum case - Long Input leads

\*Hyperion Balance Multi-Connector Included. Option multi-connectors for most common brands are also available (see details end of document)

\*Output Harness with 4mm Gold Plugs included

# **Specifications**



Input voltage range	11.0-15.0V DC
	1-14 NiCd – Nickel-Cadmium cells
	1-14 NiMH – Nickel-Metal Hydride cells
Appropriate battery types and range of series-connected cells	1-6 LiPo – Lithium Polymer cells, 100~20,000mAh (3.7V/cell type only)
	1-6 LiFe – Lithium Iron (3.3V/cell types, inc. A123 brand cells / LiFePO4 cells)
	1-6 Lead-Acid cells (2V per cell nominal)
Charge current	0.1A ~ 6.0A MAX, by 100mA steps (50W limit)
Discharge current	0.1A ~ 1.0A MAX, by 10mA steps (5W limit)
Trickle charge current (NiCd, NiMH)	0 ~ 200mA
Charge termination	"Delta V" peak detection for NiCd/NiMH
Charge termination	"CV/CC" for Lithium and Lead-Acid Batteries
Cycling Modes (NiCd, NiMH)	Charge>Discharge or Discharge>Charge
Display type	2-line, 16 character blue backlit LCD

# Safety precautions

- KEEP CHARGER and BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND PETS AT ALL TIMES!
- This charger is ONLY for NiCd/NiMH, Lithium (3.7V/cell), A123 (3.3V/cell), and Lead-Acid (2.0V/cell) type cells. DO NOT connect others, such as 3.6V/cell Lithium-Ion, or non-rechargeable batteries!
- Always place the charger on a firm, level, and fireproof surface for charging Do not place the battery or charger on or near flammable materials while in use:
- Keep away from carpets, cluttered workbenches, etc
- Do not exceed cell manufacturer's suggested max charge rates
- Do not use automotive type battery chargers to power the charger Do not leave the charger unattended while charging
- Do not allow water, moisture or foreign objects into the charger
- Do not open the charger, nor attempt any repair as it is dangerous and will void your warranty
- Do not obstruct the air intake or outlet holes on the charger
- ALWAYS follow correct connection sequence, as given below
- CAREFULLY FOLLOW THE BATTERY PACK MAKER'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND SAFETY ADVICE!

# HIGH RISK CHARGING ADVISORY

Avoid charging batteries indoors. If you must charge indoors - or any place injury to persons or damage could result in the event of fire - then be sure to:

- \* Keep battery well away from flammables (2 meters or more)
- \* Contain battery in a heavy fireproof container (such as a brick box)

\* Always monitor the charge

HYPERION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGE OR INJURY FOR INDOOR or other HIGH RISK CHARGING ACTIVITY

# **Initial Setup**

The EOS 0606i requires 4mm Bullet Connectors (aka Banana Plugs) on 12awg wire leads for output harness between charger and battery main wires. Harness wire leads should never exceed 20cm in length. Pre-assembled output harnesses are available under Hyperion Part #HP-EOSOUTCORD, and one harness is included with each charger. Solder your chosen battery-side connector to the bare wire ends of the harness, taking great care to observe proper polarity.

**If**, **after carefully reading** the following pages on usage, you have any difficulty using the charger please refer to the final pages for troubleshooting guide and warranty terms. It is well to carefully check your charger before making a return, as problems in setup, cabling, or power supply are much more common than defects in the charger. Chargers returned by the user and later found not defective will only be returned to the user at the user's expense and may incur a service charge.

## ALWAYS FOLLOW this connection sequence, and reverse sequence to disconnect:

1) Connect OUTPUT harness 4mm plugs to the sockets located on the right side of the charger. Take care that the Output Harness RED wire bullet connector goes to the (+) socket, and BLACK wire to (-).

2a) Connect Charger INPUT alligator clips to an appropriate DC power source:

a) A 12V automobile battery

b) A quality, low-noise DC power supply of 12~15V with 8A+ rating

3) Set the battery type using the charger configuration buttons.

\*The **INC** and **DEC** buttons are used to **Inc**rease or **Dec**rease values, such as Charge Current or Cell Count



\*The **INC** and **DEC** buttons are also used to select **MODE**, such as Charge, Discharge, or Cycle, and to reach Lithium Type sub menu. \*The **BATT TYPE** and **ENTER** buttons both have two modes: SHORT press or LONG (~1 second) press

- Short press BATT TYPE: Scroll battery types
- Long press BATT TYPE: View input/output Data
- Short press **ENTER**: Scroll **settings** for a battery type. Values will blink when selected. Blinking will stop after a few seconds if you do not make a change. Short press Enter to re-select a setting to change. Short press BATT TYPE to re-select Battery Type, then INC/DEC to change values.
- Long press ENTER: START/STOP charging (or discharging, or cycling)

#### Let's start by using a NiMh battery as an example.

When the charger is first connected to input power, it will display the previously used battery configuration. This is especially convenient if you often charge the same type of battery.

1) If NiMh is not shown, short push the BATT TYPE button to scroll through all battery types. Stop when you reach NiMh.

- 2) Short press the ENTER button to select "C", charge rate in Ampere
- 3) Press INC or DEC buttons to choose the proper rate for your battery pack.

Charging NiCd and NiMH is mostly automatic, and the setup routines are the same for both. You only need to consult the documentation for your battery pack (or ask your dealer) to determine the proper charge current in Ampere (A). If the rate is given in mA, note that 100mA equals 0.1A: so 900mA would be 0.9A, for example.

4) Attach your NiMH battery to the EOS 0606i Output side harness, checking that +/- polarity is correct.

- 5) Long press ENTER button (hold down for about 1~2 seconds) to begin charging
  - NO BATTERY error if battery not connected

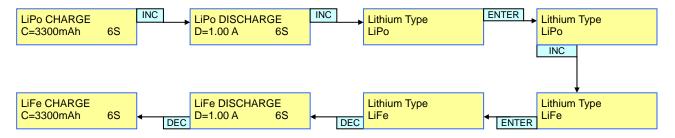
OPEN CIRCUIT error - if the battery becomes disconnected from the charger after START

REVERSE POLARITY error – if the battery is connected in reverse

In our NiMH charging example above, we pressed the ENTER button when "NiMH" was blinking, to go directly to charge rate setting. However, if you want to enter DISCHARGE or CYCLE modes, you can press the BATT TYPE button to start NiMH blinking, then press INC/DEC buttons to scroll through the various modes. Once the mode is settled (like CYCLE), short press ENTER to start values blinking for editing.

#### Changing Between Lithium Types (LiPo vs LiFePO4/A123)

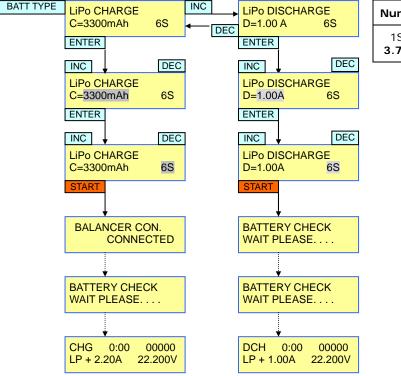
Switching between LITHIUM battery types is done in a sub menu. Start by pressing BATT TYPE once, then INC button twice. At the Lithium TYPE screen, press ENTER, then INC/DEC to select type. Finally, press DEC to return to Discharge or Charge Screens



Whenever Lithium battery charging is started with Balancer properly connected, the display will show: *BALANCER CONN. CONNECTED.* If you see instead *BALANCER CONN. NOT CONNECTED*, stop and check your connections carefully, and repair as needed. We strongly recommend lithium balance charging at all times.

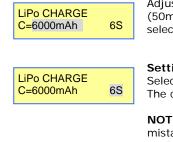
Note: The EOS0606i does not support charging of legacy 3.6v Lithium Ion cell types. Never attempt to charge these cells, under any circumstances, using this charger.

## LITHIUM POLYMER/ION MODE (for 3.7V/cell types only!)



Numbe	r of LiPc	o Cells Wir	ed in Seri	es (Pack	Voltage)
1S	2S	3S	4S	5S	6S
<b>3.7V</b>	7.4V	11.1V	<b>14.8V</b>	<b>18.5V</b>	22.2V

#### Setting LiPo battery capacity



LiPo DISCHARGE

D=1.00 A

Adjust and set the correct battery capacity from 100mAh to 20000mAh with INC & DEC buttons (50mAh per step). Press the ENTER button to confirm setting. Charge rate is set on the basis of selected capacity, at 1C rate. Example: Li-Po cell of 1500mAh capacity: 1C = 1500mA (= 1.5A).

## Setting Battery Voltage / Number of Cells in Series for LiPo battery packs

Select the total battery voltage to be charged with ENTER, INC & DEC buttons.

The charger knows the pack's voltage both from the balancer connector and the cell count e.g. '6S'

**NOTE:** The EOS Series chargers have intelligent detection routines to help you avoid making mistakes, and LOW or HIGH VOLTAGE errors are displayed if battery voltage does not match your setting. HOWEVER, under some circumstances, especially with over-discharged or damaged batteries, the safeguard could fail. *Therefore, be absolutely sure that you have correctly set pack voltage correctly before charging, every time!* Using the cell balancer for all Lithium packs is STRONGLY recommended, as it greatly increases safety.

#### Setting discharge parameters

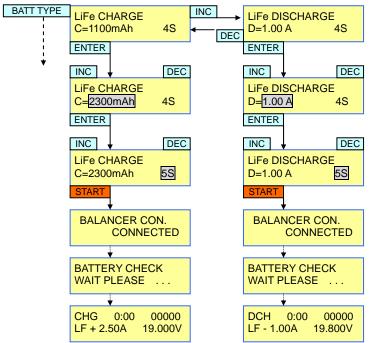
Adjust to the desired discharge current from 0.10A to 1.00A (0.01A per step) with INC & DEC button. Press the ENTER button to confirm setting. Set pack voltage, 1S~6S as in charging example above. Autocut occurs automatically at 3.0V per cell.

## LiFe MODE [LiFePO4, A123]

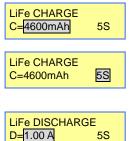
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The LiFe charge/discharge modes are intended for cells with 3.3V nominal, with Lithium Phosphate chemistry. The LiFe (LiFePO4 charge/discharge modes are intended for cells with 3.3V nominal produced by A123 Company, or other-brand LiFePO4 cells which are recognized to be of good quality from well-known makers. Choose LiFe for *BATT TYPE*, for charging such cells. The LiFe charge mode MAY work with "no brand" LiFePO4 cells having 3.3V nominal voltage, but Hyperion has found some "knock off" cells in the market of very questionable quality. **Customers who use A123 mode (LiFePO4 mode) to charge such off-brand cells assume all risk. In no case does Hyperion HK Ltd. Accept liability due to the failure of the cell(s) during charging or discharging.** 

Due to the nature of A123/LiFePO4 cells (wide divergence in cell voltages during charging) and due to the high rates at which some of these cells – such as A123 brand – can be charged, one **MUST ALWAYS properly use the cell balancer function** whenever charging in LiFe Mode; failure to do so will result in poor pack performance at best, and damage to cells at worst. **Customers who charge in LiFe mode without balancer connected assume all risk of charger and battery failure!** 



Ν	umbe	r of LiFe	Cells Wi	red in Ser	ies (Pack	Voltage)
	1S	2S	3S	4S	5S	6S
	8. <b>3V</b>	<b>6.6V</b>	9.9V	<b>13.2V</b>	<b>16.5V</b>	<b>19.8V</b>



#### Setting charge current

The EOS 0606i will charge the battery at a 1C rate from the capacity you tell it. It is possible to charge at higher than 1C but the user accepts all responsibility.

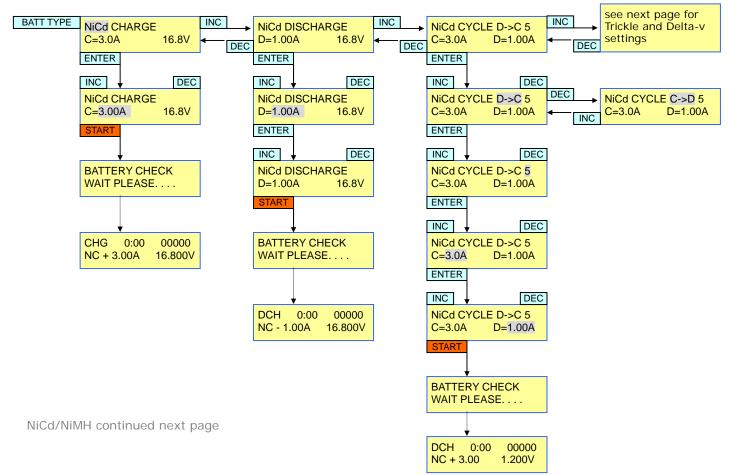
## Setting battery charge voltages for A123/LiFe battery pack

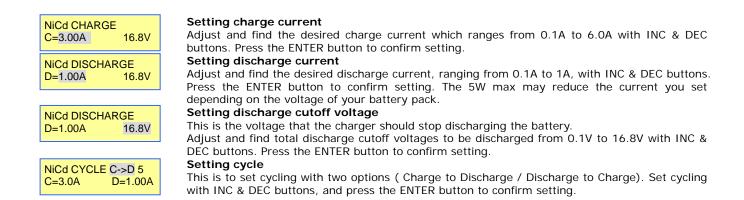
Set the number of cells in series that make up your battery pack. This in turn, with the correct cell type, tells the charger the packs voltage. Used with the balancer makes for safer charging.

## Setting discharge current

Press Enter to find and adjust the desired discharge current from 0.10A to 1.00A (0.01A per step) with the INC & DEC buttons. Press the ENTER button to confirm the setting.

NICd / NIMH OPERATION MODES (NIMH mode is the same as below, except Mode shows 'NIMH')



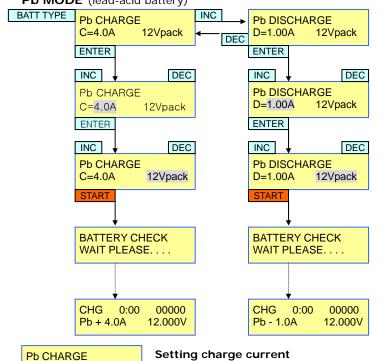


# Setting Delta-V and Trickle Options for NiCd/NiMH (NiMH mode is the same as below, except Mode shows 'NiMH')

NiCd CHARGE C=3.0A		NiCd DISCHARGE D=0.50A 4.8	NiCd CYCLE D->C 5 C=3.0A D=0.50A
ſī	ENTER		
NiCd Trickle Charge = OFF		NiCd Trickle Charge = ON	NiCd delta-peak- volt = 5mV/cell

Delta-V Defaults (and minimum values) are: NiCd 5mV/cell, NiMH 3mV/cell. In most cases these should be left alone. Advanced users may wish to increase settings to archive a delayed charge termination, but if set to high can result in overcharge and could be dangerous.

Trickle charge maintains a NiCd/NiMH battery charge until the battery is removed. Trickle rate depends on charge current setting and ranges from 50mA to 200mA. If charge current is <1A, there is no trickle. You can turn trickle such that it is always OFF, as shown above.



Adjust and find the desired charge current which ranges from 0.1A to 6.0A with INC & DEC buttons. Press the ENTER button to confirm setting

Pb CHARGE C=6.0A 12Vpack	Setting total battery voltage for Lead-Acid Battery Select the proper total battery voltage to be charged or discharged with INC & DEC buttons – 2V, 4V, 6V, 8V, 10V, and 12V [2V per cell types only]
Pb DISCHARGE D=1.00A 12Vpack	Setting discharge current Adjust and find the desired discharge current from 0.10A to 1.00A (0.01A per step) with INC & DEC button. Press the ENTER button to confirm setting.

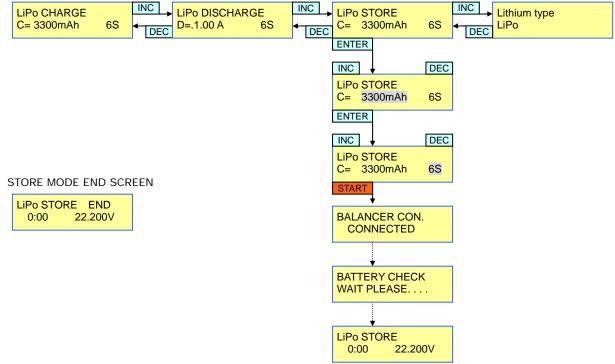
## Pb MODE (lead-acid battery)

12Vpack

C=4.0A

# **STORE MODE for Lithium Battery Types**

Store Mode is an important function to insure best performance from your lithium-based batteries. Connect your battery via both main wires and balance connector as during normal balance charging, but select STORE mode as shown below. The EOS 0606i will then charge or discharge as needed such that 60% of battery capacity remains at STORE End.



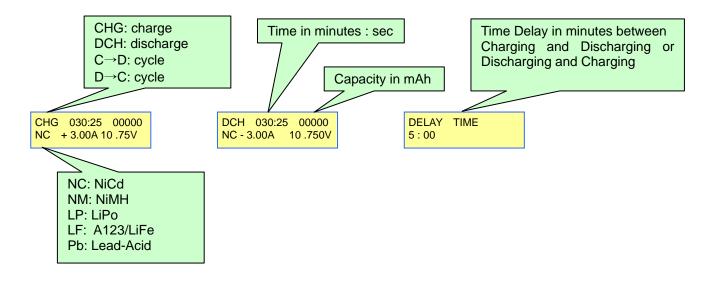
# Lithium Care

To maximize your investment in Lithium Battery packs, do the following:

- ALWAYS Store your packs at 55~65% of capacity. After a day of flying, use STORE Mode to achieve this. It is
  especially harmful to store lithium packs fully charged, and should be avoided for more than a few days at most.
- AVOID discharging cells beyond 90% of capacity. NEVER fully discharge lithium packs.
- KEEP your packs in a cool, relatively dry location.

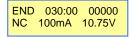
## Displays during Charge, Discharge, and Cycle

Note that exact display may depend on type of battery and connection. For example, Lithium types when connected to a balancer will alternately show CHG / BLC at top left while charging, and CHG / BLC / END when finished charging. Also note that after charging the EOS0606i may apply maintenance current or discharge as needed to maintain balance until disconnected.



# **Completion Display**

When the Enter button is pressed, charge or discharge will be stopped.



In order to move back to the main display, press the Enter button.

## Data Display – Keys

CHG 0:00 00000	ENTER	INPUT = 12.00V	INC
LP + 2.20A 22.200V		OUTPUT = 23.50V	▲ DEC

Press BATT TYPE during charging or discharging to view the data display menu.

Use INC and DEC to scroll through the data screens.

Pressing BATT TYPE again will return you to the charge/discharge screen.

**Data Display – Screens** (Example: During a Balancer-Connected Lithium Charge)

INPUT = 12.00V	NC <u>3.92</u>	3.92 3.92V	INC	LCB-MAX	=3.937V	INC	LCB-[01] =3.923V
OUTPUT = 23.50V	DEC 3.92	3.91 3.93V ·	DEC	LCB-MIN	=3.923V	DEC	LCB-[AVG =3.930V

CHG PEAK= 23.62V	INC	ChgCAPA= 400mAh	ENTER	CHG 15:00	00500
DCHG AVR = 0.00V	▲ DEC	DchCAPA = 0mAh		LP + 2.20A	22.200V

----- NOTE: Balancing without Charging for LIPO and LiFePO4 (A123) Type Packs ------

If you have a Lipo or LiFePO4 type pack, and simply want to balance the cells without charging the pack, you only need to set the proper Battery Type first (just as if you were going to charge), then connect the battery to charger via main input leads and balance adapter. The 0606i will check the voltage of each cell. If the pack is NOT already over-discharged, it will then start discharging the cells with the highest voltage. As soon as all the cells in the pack are within balancing tolerance – or if any one cell should reach the acceptable voltage lower limit for that cell type - the charger will stop balancing the pack.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

(1) Check again that the battery you are trying to charge and the settings on the EOS 0606i match. Battery type (such as NiMH or Lithium), battery capacity, number of cells (charge voltage), and charge rate must all be correct.

- (2) Check that the input cable and output cables:
  - \*Have proper connectors in good condition \*Are not frayed, worn, cut, or damaged
  - \*Are the proper gauge (2.5mm, 14ga or higher) \*Are proper length 20cm (8") on output side

(3) Attach the charger input connectors to a 12V automotive battery that is in good condition and fully charged. Wiggle the Terminal clips into the battery posts to insure that you have a good connection. Try the AC input if failing while using DC.

(4) Try another battery for charging. If your RC battery is in poor condition, **over discharged**, or in some other way defective the charger may correctly refuse to charge it based on safety algorithms.

(5) Try another RC battery type. For example switch to a NiMH battery if you are failing to charge Lithium types. Success with one type but failure with another generally indicates that the charger is working properly. The failing battery type is almost certainly in poor condition, then, or you have improperly set the charger for it.

(6) Contact your dealer with full details and description of the problem, including the type of input power source, RC battery type and cell count, and history of the charger – specifically, has the charger been working properly before, or failing from new condition?

ERROR MESSAGES	
INPUT VOLTAGE ERROR	Input voltage is below 11.0V or exceeds 15.0V
NO BATTERY	Battery not detected
OUTPUT BATT REVERSE POLARITY	Battery is connected in reverse polarity to Output leads
OUTPUT CIRCUIT PROBLEM	Non-Specific Circuit error. Check battery condition
CHECK BATT OPEN CIRCUIT	Battery disconnected during charging
CHECK BATT OVER VOLTAGE	Battery voltage too high to match charger settings
CHECK BATT LOW VOLTAGE	Battery voltage too low to match charger settings
BALANCER VOLTAGE TOO HIGH	If voltage per cell is too high during balancing, this message may appear.
BALANCER VOLTAGE TOO LOW	If cell's voltage falls too low during balancing, this message may appear
DON'T CHARGE Lixx WITH THIS MODE	A Lithium pack is connected by balancer, but NiCd/NiMH/Pb mode is selected for charging

Note: If the incorrect number of cells is selected for a lithium type battery, and charging is begun, the charger may give error immediately and stop charging. In some cases, however, the charger will begin charging at the (lower) voltage it sees as correct, and watch all cells to confirm the incorrect setting. For example, if you connect a 3S pack but set the charger for 4S by mistake, the charger may begin by charging at 3S voltage level, and watch all cells. When the mistake is confirmed, the charger will give error and terminate. This is normal and correct behavior.

## WARRANTY

HYPERION Chargers are guaranteed to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one calendar year from date of purchase. Your selling dealer is your first point of contact for warranty issues. Return postage costs are the responsibility of the user in all cases. Submit copy of original receipt with the return.

Damage due physical shock (dropping on the floor, etc), inappropriate power supply (automotive battery charger, etc!), water, moisture, and humidity are specifically NOT covered by warranty. It is well to carefully check your charger before making a return, as problems in setup, cabling, or power supply are much more common than defects in the charger.

Enjoy the Power!

The Hyperion Team